Graveling Bags so so

Snaps for early comers: Gladstone Bag of olive grain leather, 16-inch size, leather lined and brass trimmed \$4.00

Hand Bag of grain leather, with side pocket, 16-inch size, leath-Suit Cases of sole leather, handsewed over a steel frame.

24-inch size, brass trimm 5 8.00

English Hand Bags, elegant qualities, in 12, 14 and 16-inch sizes, at \$3 50, \$4.50 and \$5.25 Calfskin Hand Bags, leather lined and brass trimmed, riveted frames, 14, 16 and 18-inch sizes, at \$3.75, \$4.39 and \$4.89

L. S. Ayres @ Co. Indiana's Greatest Distributers of Dry Goods

MANUFACTURER OF GRILLES.

A Seasonable Conundrum

is there water in

Because the seeds were planted in th "spring." see ?-water-spring!

the Watermelon

We have seasonable decorations for th house-rooms or porch-which may be had at any time and "planted" to bear good fruit that will bloom and blossom and yield pleasure, comfort, convenience and beauty all the year round.

ALBERT GALL,

Carpets, Draperies, Wall Paper,

17 and 19 West Washington St. Hardwood Floors Laid and Refinished.

Rough Rider Gauntlets

We have them in stock, or we can take your order for and make any glove you want. See our samples and stock.



PETER KEALING DEAD.

One of the Well-Known Picneers of Marion County.

Peter Kealing, a well-known citizen of this city died at 6:30 o'clock last evening. He was born in Germany on July 29, 1829, United States when he was six years of age. He lived in Westmoreland county, ciples of mutual self-help. We are here as | part: Pennsylvania, until 1846, when the family exponents of the gospel of thrift and homecame to Marion county, where he has lived | owning, convinced that its practical operaever since. He lived for a few years on | tion elevates citizenship, promotes stability, the site where Irvington now is, but for insures a larger measure of human hapnearly fifty years had lived on the National road just east of the Belt Railroad where the old homestead is still located. Mr. Kealing was a blacksmith by trade and for many years bad a shop at the cor-ner of the National and Brookville roads. After the war he was engaged in farming near where Irvington now is. In 1872 he retired from active business. He had been a member of the English Lutheran Church all his life, having been one of the trus tees of the First English Lutheran Church of this city for many years. About four years ago he received a fall from a wagon and never entirely recovered from the effects of it. He has also suffered from rheumatism for several years, being com-pelled to spend his winters in the South. The immediate cause of his death was an acute attack of dysentery.

Mr. Kealing was respected by his neigh-bors and friends and was noted for his rugged honesty and upright life. On the first day of May, 1855, he was united in marriage to Phoebe Bloomer. He leaves a widow and six children, five daughters-Mrs. C. D. Lancaster, Mrs. William F Lewis, Mrs. Louis Morgan, Mrs. Ralph E. Kennington, Mrs. Dr. J. M. Spencer-and one son, Joseph B. Kealing.

OFF FOR NIAGARA FALLS.

Indiana People Will Attend Phi ma Delta Convention.

A large party of Indianapolis people will leave for Niagara Falls this evening t attend the fifty-second annual convention of the Phi Gamma Delta fraternity, which begins to-morrow morning and lasts until next Tuesday. General Lew Wallace, who was a member of this organization while at Wabash College, has been its national president since 1898. He will accompany the party from here. Senator C. W. Fairbanks, of this city, and Bishop Hartzell, of New York, will also be present at the Niagara convention, Among those who are going from this city are A. H. Binkley, Clarence Zenor, Ed Stucky, G. W. Benton and W. S. McMasters and H. O. Stechban, representing Indiana Univer-Messrs. Scott, Wright and Peterson, of Wabash College; J. T. Detchon, of New Richmond; W. A. Alexander, of Lebanon; Simmons, Grant Fairbanks and Gideon Diall, of Terre Haute. The party will be accompanied by a number of ladies. including Mrs. W. F. Christian, Mrs. A. P. Simmons, Mrs. E. B. Stucky, Mrs. G. W. Benton and the Misses Edna Frank, Bessie Byers, Edith McMasters, Ida Allfree and Cuba Regan. Phi Gamma Delta s represented at four Indiana colleges-Hanover, De Pauw, Wabash and Indiana University, all of which will be represented at Nfagara by delegates.

A SOUTH BEND CONCERN.

Receiver Appointed at the Instance Creditors.

The McIntosh-Huntington Company, of Cleveland, O., the American Bicycle Company, of Syracuse, N. Y., and Morgan & Wright, of Chicago, filed a petition in the \$26,000.972; Missouri, \$12,517,137; Indiana Federal Court yesterday alleging that Edward S. Roberts and Milton W. Rost. partners doing business at South Bend under the firm name of Roberts & Rost, owe debts to the amount of \$1,000. The petitioners ask that the firm of Roberts & Rost be declared bankrupt and that a receiver be appointed to take charge of 175, Massachusetts \$3,837,955, or a net in the assets. In compliance with the prayer of the petition Judge Baker appointed Al-bert G. Harlin, of South Bend, as receiver

Bankruptcy Referee Resigns. Alexander Gilchrist, of Evansville, yesterday tendered to Judge Baker, of the Federal Court, his resignation of the office of referee in bankruptcy for the First referee district of Indiana. This district embraces Pike, Dubols, Gibson, Posey, Vanderburg, Warrick and Spencer coup ties. The resignation was accepted.

of the assets of the alleged bankrupts.

New Pianos, \$165, at Wulschner's.

BUILDING

ANNUAL CONVENTION OF THE UNITED STATES LEAGUE.

Delegates Welcomed by Governor Mount and Deputy City Attorney Bell.

OFFICERS REPORTS

INDICATE THAT THE LEAGUE IS EN JOYING PROSPERITY.

Papers of General Interest Read Dur ing the Day-The Social Features.

The United States League of Local Building and Loan Associations began its first day's session at the Statehouse yesterday morning. There are about one hundred delegates in attendance, all representative

The session opened with the welcome address of Governor Mount. During the course of his remarks the Governor said he was delighted to welcome the delegates to the State of Indiana. Building and loan associations, he said, had accomplished great good. Mismanagement had crept in. but this, he said, should not be used against an organization whose purposes were good. "In Indiana is located," he continued, "the center of population. It is also a center of progress. In the literary world Indiana is prominent. I am proud to mention her Riley, her Thompson, her Wallace and her other authors of note. I am proud of her soldiers, who were as brave as any that went to the front." The Governor said he was glad to note that all instances had adhered closely to what the road in this State \$5,786,810. Indiana was not overburdened with millionaires or with poverty-stricken people. He said he did not regard millionaires as requisites for prosperity and happiness. Indiana had few labor troubles, he said. Such troubles were settled by reason and not by passion. The Governor said Indiana had more politics to the square inch than any other State in the Union, and yet there was more good will in her political fights than in any other state.

Mayor Taggart was not present, and the welcome address on the part of the city was made by Joseph E. Bell. He said he was proud to welcome the league to Indianapolis on the part of Mayor Taggart, because it represented a movement which would greatly benefit the laboring man.

PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS.

At the conclusion of Mr. Bell's address Thomas J. Fitzmorris, of Omaha, Neb., the president of the league, delivered his annual address. He said in part: "For the eighth time we are met in annual convention to consider the progress and welfare of local building and loan associations in the United States and to discuss ways and means calculated to promote co-operation in securing homes. We are here as representatives of state leagues stretching from Massachusetts to Nebraska, from Michigan and came with his father's family to the to the gulf, imbued with the common purpose of fostering and extending the prinpiness and increases the security American institutions. Directly and indirectly the United States League represents an economic movement which has enrolled one and one-half million people, share-holding members in 5,485 associations, with resources approximating \$600,000,000.

"We are nearing the threshold of a nev century. In every department of human effort, so great and so many have been the developments that the addition of a new one no longer excites astonishment. Inventions, discoveries and the application of new principles to old methods constitute a part of the superb equipment of our time. Labor-saving appliances have placed the luxuries of a generation ago within the reach of all, and multiplied opportunities for the energetic, the skillful and the industrious. More employment and better wages, better educational facilities, better books, music, art, literature, more of the pleasures of life, more and better homes are the visible and available results of an

inventive and progressive age.
"To what extent have building and loan associations contributed to these splendid results? In every city and hamlet, in every industrial center are visible proofs of association effort, not only in homes secured, but in the practical lessons of thrift taught to members. Every association is a schoolhouse of thrift, and the habits of frugality there taught and continued in ever widening circles have been potential factors in banishing dependence and multiplying the inspiring influence of the family fireside. It is not unreasonable, therefore, to claim for them a place among the practical, uplifting forces of the age.

"The experience of the year has taught several lessons, to which the earnest attention of the delegates is invited. Chief of these is the necessity for more general publication of the doings of building and loan associations and more generous support of papers devoted exclusively to association

"The daily press of the United States has opened its columns generously to the proceedings of this organization in years past. The widespread interest manifested should be encouraged and fostered by every

SECRETARY'S REPORT. Following the address of President Fitzmorris, the secretary of the league, H. F. Cellarius, of Cincinnati, O., read the follow-

"Building and loan association statistics for the past year are somewnat disappointing, and the aggregate results misleading unless proper analysis be made of the figures. There are now in the United States 5 to local building and loan associations. with 1,512,585 members, and aggregate assets of \$581,866,170. As compared with last year this is a decrease of 91 associations 105,112 members, and \$15,660,464 net decrease in assets. This unusually heavy shrinkage in assets can more than be accounted for by the figures of three States, which for several years past have shown heavy osses, namely: Illinois, Missouri and Indi- and, therefore, their business is carried on ana. In Illinois last year there was a shrinkage of \$9.347,155 in assets. Missouri showed a decrease of \$4,419,369, and Indiana \$3,453,227, making a total of \$17,219,751, which s considerably in excess of the total net loss in assets of all the States. In other words, if the results in the three States mentioned, where normal conditions have existed, be excluded from the calculation the net result would be an actual increase in assets for the other States. Within the last three years these States have shown decreases in assets as follows: Illinois

\$6,659,560, a total of \$45,177,669. "The conditions which have brough about this result are attributable largely t causes local to these respective States, and fortunately, did not similarly affect the general building and loan business. Pennsylvania increased in assets in the last three years \$5,657,667. Ohio increased \$5,503. crease in three years in these States of \$14,998,797. The abundance of money which began to accumulate in the treasuries of these associations last year, and for which ready borrowers could not be obtained, has continued during the present year, and has resulted in a further lowering of both the interest and dividend rates. The associations can't have a good healthy growth while this situation continues. In fact, they are likely to lose in assets because associations unable to loan their funds are resort ing to an enforced retirement of their stock

to dispose of the surplus, so that a de-

crease in assets, as is the case this year,

Building associations are just as popular

tarding their growth. It is hoped and con-fidently believed that the ordinary and natural conditions will soon again be resumed, when more satisfactory results can be obtained. The States showing an increase in assets for the year are the following: Ohio, \$1,320,424; New Jersey, \$1,782, 170; Massachusetts, \$951,294; Connecticut, \$146,698; Wisconsin, \$14,482. The following dicated: Pennsylvania, \$545,330; Illinois, \$9,347,155; New York, \$316,008; Indiana, \$3,453,-227: Maine, \$34,282: Tennessee, \$446,054; New

Hampshire, \$17,951. "Although there was not much new legislation enacted during the past year, yet representatives of state leagues and friends of building and loan associations in a number of States were kept busy before their respective general assemblies, mainly in an effort to prevent the passage of inimical bills. This was particularly true in New York. Texas and Michigan, where the tax question has been under consideration. The state leagues are to be congratulated upon the effective work which was accomplished, and which has further demonstrated their usefulness, power and strength.

MR. THOMPSON'S PAPER. The first paper of the afternoon session was read by C. N. Thompson, of Indianapolis, on the subject of "Legal Decisions Affecting Building and Loan Associations

Courts." He said in part: "Judges have sometimes legislated for building associations. Some of them are ignorant of their practical workings and are unable to apply general principles in their decisions. The whole subject is reputed on the bench as abstruse, and it is often approached by judges as not understandable; and with lamentable frequency judges think they know all about it, whereas their knowledge is sometimes a bundle of prejudice and conceit, and nothing more. The net result is a mass of cases more or less conflicting, even in the same jur-

"If courts would remember that mutuality of right and liability among the members is the fundamental principle, and determine the character of the institutions and the status of the member accordingly, the subject would be simplified. Further, that it is not an ordinary moneylending institution; that it is the common depository of money and accretions derived from the members to be divided pro rata upon reaching a fixed amount, and that if the officers depart from this corporate purpose all their acts should be construed to carry out that purpose.

"There has been plenty of abuse of this basic opposition. In the hands of a scheming person it has been strangely prevented, yet I undertake to say if the courts in the legislatures have declared in nearly every State to be their corporate purpose instead of following their prejudice, or ap plying improper principles, there would be little confusion in the cases.

"The courts have unwisely created a pre-ierred class by holding that the shareholder who pays ahead on his stock is enhim ahead of the other members. And titled to recover the amount advanced they have gone even further, to hold that posit of mortgages upon the winding up of the society through a receivership the shareholder is entitled to the proceeds of the mortgages. * * *

"Another question is often in the courts, and that is the power of the association to borrow money. The trend of the case is that it has the power to borrow for strictly corporate purposes. It is strange that the legislature has left this power, if intended as incidental, without a definite expression. It is my belief that the volume of litigation concerning these institutions will not be so large in the next years as in the past. The national association brought on a flood of contention which is now rapidly subsiding, and as to the local, or neighborhood type, I think the number of lawsuits will materially decrease, and there is no need for further prece dents unless to reconcile conflicting decisions. The association should keep its house in good order so that if it is compelled to go into court it can ask equity

INFLUENCE OF THE PRESS Mr. Thompson was followed by Michael J. Brown, of Philadelphia. His subject was "Relations of the Press to Building and Loan Associations." Mr. Brown said in

"The origin of a friendly press to building associations did not grow out of advertisements showered into newspaper offices, nor through a hope that gradually these associations would be induced to advertise freely, but purely by reason of the great good these societies were doing for the working people. As long as thirty years back almost every building society had at least one newspaper man on its board of managers. Questions of manage-ment arose from time to time and inquiries naturally came to the newspaper offices, the editor would call out: 'Who knows anything about building associations?' Some one would answer: 'Joe Paist is a director in one, or Addison Burke bought a home out of one.' The editor would then write on the communication: 'Referred to Joe Paist.' or 'Referred to Addison Burke.' In this way the societies were brought to the notice of

"This friendliness was increased and firmly cemented as years rolled around, because hundreds of people forwarded letters stating that they had obtained their homes through these organizations, and still others carrying the information that the building societies had taught them how to save money.

"The press objects to the taxation of building associations, because they are creators of taxable property, and can see no reason why a man should first pay a tax on his home and land and then pay a tax on the wages he is saving towards freeing that home and that piece of ground from debt. This point of friendship stands alone on its own merits.

"The press is willing to overlook any honest mistake made by enthusiastic building society advocates in matters of legislation but it will never forgive any deceptions practiced by those on whom it relies for straightforward information. The press will continue to uphold and advocate the cause of homeseekers just so long as they keep clear of the rules of banking and retain their original economical purity and simplicity.'

SAVING OF MONEY. The last paper of the afternoon was read by William R. Creer, of Cleveland, O., on "New Plans Applied to Old Principles."

He said in part: "Something more than arousing a desire to save must be accomplished for the average man in order to have him save money. The way must be pointed out and a successful plan provided. For inducing regularity and persistency in saving, the building and loan idea is the success of the age, besides affording the highest type of cooperative banking.

"The man with a straight loan upon his

asked nor expected to pay anything but the interest, so long as the security is considered ample. While associations should avoid a reputation for charging exorbitant rates of interest, our object should be to teach, not how a mortgage may be carried at the lowest cost, but how it may be speedily and easily paid off entirely. "Some of our building and loan companies have grown big, waxed strong and become rich in the possession of a large contingent fund, have ceased to issue stock as the weekly or monthly payment plan involves too much bookkeeping for them. more after the fashion of a savings bank. When a financial institution doing business as a building and loan company ceases to make loans that are repayable in weekly or monthly installments and does not issue

stock that can be paid for in like manner.

it fails to be the power for usefulness in its

community that it should be "New conditions necessitate new plans, but in planning to meet new conditions adhere closely to cardinal principles. Strive to make our business distinctive instead of trying to see how nearly we may approach the style and practice of other forms of banking. Plan to place the peculiar advantages and claims of the building and loan system prominently before the community in which you do business. Plan to make your contract with borrowers so clear and plain that 'A wayfaring man, though he be a fool,' may not err in the interpretation thereof. Plan to do judicious advertising. The more success there is attained in inculcating the building and loan idea in the mind of the general publie, the more its beneficial results are understood, the greater will be the material

"And in addition to this, in preaching the gospel of thrift be cheered by the knowledge that you are raising the standard of citizenship, increasing sobriety and virtue, and giving a greater degree of many independence to as many as come within the scope of your influence

prosperity that will come to the associa-

"Aside from all commericial considerations, as workers in the building and loan field, there must come a deep satisfaction is not necessarily an unfavorable showing. In the knowledge that our efforts if wisely directed are constantly increasing in numand safe as ever they have been, but ber, in happiness, and influence-The ganization and affiliate directly with the

changing conditions are temporarily re- American Home, The Safeguard of Ameri- Federation of Labor. This decision will set-

GIVEN A LOVING CUP. the conclusion of the programme Judge Seymour Dexter, of Elmira, N. Y., cup in recognition of his long and efficient service in behalf of the league. Judge Dex-States showed a decrease in assets as in- | ter was escorted to the president's chair, and when presented with the cup was se overcome with emotion that it was some moments before he could sufficiently maspresentation speech was made by President Fitzmorris. After the presentation Judge Dexter was escorted to the Grand Hotel, where the cup was filled with sparkling champagne and the health of the judge was drunk by every member of the association present. At 6 o'clock the members of the league

were given a trolley ride, returning to din-ner to the Grand Hotel at 8 o'clock. Quite a number of ladies are in attendance at the present meeting of the league. The male members express themselves as being highly delighted with their presence and say that the new departure should be encouraged. Among those who attended yesterday's session were: Mrs. Robert T. Corson, Philadelphia; Mrs. A. L. Gutheil, Shelbyville, Ind.; Mrs. M. F. Cellarius, Cinand Precedents Established By Higher cinnati; Mrs. George H. Kostamayer, New Orleans; Mrs. Joseph G. Medlenka, Crow-ley, La., and Mrs. Edward Gilbert, Indian-

The meeting will come to a close with to-

STATE BOARD'S SESSION.

Some Roads Ask a Reduction, Others Are Satisfied.

At yesterday morning's session of the State Board of Tax Commissioners James E. Watson appeared before the board i the interests of the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern Railroad Company. Representative Watson said that the assessment on some branches of the road was entirely too high, as the total cost of construc tion in some places had not been one fourth that of the assessment. The road has 244 miles of track in the State, which it is assessed \$21,000 a mile. The as sessment on track and rolling stock is \$24, 805 a mile, making the total assessment of

W. H. Lyford, general counsel, and J. F. Durett, tax agent, of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railway Company, were also before the board. They said they had no complaint to make of the assessment of the C. & E. I. road, for it was one of the best paying roads in the country.

John B. Cockrum, of this city, representing the Lake Erie & Western Railroad Company, was given a hearing by the board in the afternoon. Mr. Cockrum insessed too high and asked the board to make a reduction. He asked a reduction particularly on the Fort Wayne, Cincinnati & Louisville branch, which he said derived all its business from it. The Cincinnati, Hamilton & Indianapolis road will be represented before the board this morning.

NEW CONCERNS.

Industries.

The following companies were incorporated yesterday: The Educator-Journal Company, of Indianapolis; capital stock, \$20,000; directors. Charles M. Curry, F. M. Stalker, C. F. Patterson, W. W. Storms and D. M. Geet-

The Indiana Belgian Hare Company, of Valparaiso; capital stock, \$10,000; directors, John L. Brandt, James R. Pagin and Leroy The Northern Indiana Seed Company,

of Valparaiso; capital stock, \$2,000; directors, E. E. Shedd, Ella B. Shedd and Harold J. Schenk. The New Augusta Independent Telephone Company, of New Augusta, Marion county; capital stock, \$10,000; directors, M. J. Wagle, Walter Johnson, W. B. McDonald, John Harcourt, S. I. Rodibaugh and George

TRUDGED OUT IN RAIN.

Sports Went to Trouble to See a Bruising Match.

By traveling seven miles east of the city in the rain early yesterday morning about lifty devotees of the prize ring, together with principals and seconds, eluded the police and pulled off at dawn an eleven-round event which was won by Fred Blackburn, colored. His opponent, "Shine" Stanley, lost by the referee's decision, which was rendered in order that the fight and his punishment might not longer continue. The fighting was strong from the start, but Blackburn had the best of it. Stanley was game, however, and even refused to give up after he was down and fighting while on his knees. The return to the city was also made in the rain, and the sports were satisfied, more, no doubt, because they had outwitted the police who knew of the pro-posed fight, than because of the mill they had witnessed.

DIED AT THE PALM GARDEN.

Sudden Demise of Charles Annan Former Wholesale Merchant.

Charles Annan, sixty years of age, formerly a prosperous wholesale millinery dealer of this city, died suddenly yesterday evening at the Palm Garden, No. 311 East Washington street, where he had for some time been employed as porter. He had complained for several days of not feeling well, and late yesterday afternoon was stricken and died in a chair before medical assistance could be had. The body was removed to the city morgue and will be held for disposition by relatives whose addresses are now unknown. He was unhome stays in debt because he is neither married, but leaves several brothers and The coroner was advised of the death and his report showed heart disease as the cause of death.

NEW CLUB FORMED.

It Will Be Known as Lewis G. Aiken Republican Club.

The Lewis G. Aiken Republican Club, of the South Side, was organized last night in Capitol Hall, at the corner of Merrill street and Capitol avenue, by the election of Gustave Joseph, president; Harry Peake, first vice president; M. Hammerman, second vice president; A. Rosenzwig, secretary; F. Epstein, treasurer; board of directors, Louis Traugott, Philip Levy, C. C. Kaminsky, Isadore Wulfson, Henry Rossen, Louis Fishmann and J. Hammerman. An enthusiastic meeting was held, about one hundred members being present. Addresses were delivered by Joseph Hall and Daniel L. Wiker. The club will meet every Monday night at the place mentioned

Will Be Good to Carnival.

Will Surrender Charter.

The local Agents' Union has decided to

surrender its charter to the national or-

W. P. Deppe, assistant passenger agen of the Big Four, of Cincinnati, was seen yesterday by representatives of the Fall Festivities Society in regard to the as sistance the railroad will give to the local carnival. Mr. Deppe is chairman of the railroad committee for the Cincinnati festival. He said the reports of what the railroads are doing for the festival are exaggerated and that no statement has been given out, but assured the representatives that Indianapolis will be well treated in rates and financial assistance.

tle the controversy in Central Labor Union over President John Blue, who is a member of the local Agents' Union, holding his seat. The national union was expelled from the Federation of Labor and this raised a question of President Blue's title

The Stolen Property Recovered.

Monday last the store of F. S. Tyler, No. 36 Virginia avenue, was broken into and a arge quantity of knives, razors and other articles taken. Yesterday Patrolman Smith found razors and knives scattered all over the schoolhouse yard near by, and a search of the premises brought to light more of the plunder. The property recovered was valued at about \$40.

Masonic Temple Dedicated.

The new Masonic Temple at Southport was opened last night with a concert and festival. The attendance from Indianapolis was large. The music was furnished by Carter Smith's Orchestra. Refreshments were served in the building. Special cars on the interurban line were run for the accommodation of visitors.

Scaton, the Hatter, Is selling Straw Hats cheap. BIG FOUR ROUTE.

Acton Park Assembly and Campmeeting July 25th to Aug. 15th. 1900. Fifty cents for the round trip from Indianapolis; corresponding rates from prin-

cipal points between Greensburg and Indianapolis on Chicago division; also Mar-tinsville and Columbus branches. Special and regular trains run as follows from and to Indianapolis: -Week Day Trains .--Leave Indianapolis-7:04 a. m.; 10:50

m.; 5:30 p. m. Arrive Acton Park-7:40 a. m.; 11:21 a. m. Leave Acton Park-8:35 a. m.: 10:43 a. m. Arrive Indianapolis-9 a. m.; 11:15 a. m. 6:40 p. m.; 11:45 p. m.

-Sunday Trains .-Leave Indianapolis-9 a. m.; 1:30 p. m. Arrive Acton Park-9:25 a. m.; 2 Leave Acton Park-12:15 noon; 5 p. m. Arrive Indianapolis-12:45 p. m.; 5:30 p.

For tickets and further information call at Big Four offices, No. 1 East Washington street and Union Station. H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A. BIG FOUR ROUTE.

\$1.50-Round Trip-\$1.50, Sunday, July 29th. Special train leaves Union station 7 a. m H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A.

Excursion to Louisville,

Where Breezes Cool Are Blowing. Northern Michigan resorts were never so accessible as at present since the inauguration of the superb summer service of the G. R. & I. and its connections. From Indianapolis through Mackinaw sleeper leaves daily at 7:10 p. m., via Penn-

Northland Express.

sylvania lines, connecting at Richmond

a solid vestibuled train with sleeping-car and cafe-car comforts, reaching Petoskey the following morning and Mackinaw at noon. Corresponding through service re-turning leaves Mackinaw 1 p. m., arrives Indianapolis 6:30 a. m. Petoskey, Macinac island and all the principal resorts in that region. Send for illustrated folder. Address W. W. RICHARD-SON. D. P. A., Indianapolis, or C. L.

LOCKWOOD, General Passenger Agent, G. R. & I. Ry., Grand Rapids, Mich. PENNSYLVANIA LINES. Annual Seashore Excursion Thursday, Aug. 9.

\$15.00-Round Trip-\$15.00. To Atlantic City, Cape May, Anglesea, Avalon, Holly Beach, Ocean City, Sea Isle City, Wildwood, New Jersey; Rehoboth, Del., and Ocean City, Md. Through sleepers and coaches. For particulars call on ticket agents, or address

W. W. RICHARDSON, D. P. A. BIG FOUR ROUTE. Out-of-Town Excursion to Danville. Ill., and Way Points, Sunday, July 29th.

\$1.00 and Less Round Trip. Special train leaves 7:25 a. m. H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A. Lake Maxinkuckee. \$1.00-Round Trip-\$1.00.

Sunday, July 29th, Via Pennsylvania lines. Special train leaves Indianapolis 7:30 a. m. Returning, leaves the lake 6:30 p. m. Spend Sunday on the lake and enjoy the fine fishing, bathing and boating. Hon. Samuel M. Jones and Governor Cumback will speak at Maxinkuckee Assembly on this date.

\$7.00-Niagara Falls-\$7.00. Via C., H. & D. and Michigan Central, Thursday, Aug. 9th. \$13.50-Thousand Islands-\$13.50. \$5.00-Put in Bay-\$5.00. \$8.00-Toronto-\$8.00.

Tickets good twelve days. Through coaches and sleepers. Leaves Indianapolis 10:45 a. m. R. P. ALGEO, D. P. A. BIG FOUR ROUTE.

Annual Excursion to Niagara Falls, Thursday, July 26th, 1900. \$7.00 for the Round Trip. \$7.00. \$6.50 More to Thousand Islands.

\$8.00 to Toronto. For particulars see display ad, in another H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A.

BIG FOUR ROUTE. Excursion to Lawrenceburg, Aurora and Way Points Sunday, July 29. \$1.00-Round Trip-\$1.00. Special train leaves Indianapolis 7:30 a. n. Returning leaves Aurora 7 p. m.

Vin C., H. & D., B. & O. S. W., B. & O. Thursday, Aug. 2. Tickets good twelve days. For details, call on ticket agents, 25 West Washington

\$15-ATLANTIC CITY-\$15

street, or Union station. R. P. ALGEO, D. P. A. \$1.25-Cincinnati and Return-\$1.25. Via C., H. & D., Sunday, July 29th. Two special fast trains; the first will leave at 6:30 a. m., making no local stops; the second will leave at 7:15 a. m., stopping at Rushville, Connersville and Hamilton. Returning leave Cincinnati 6:40 p. m.

Insure with German Fire Insurance of Indiana. General offices, 29 South Delaware street. Fire, tornado and explosion.

Feed your horse JANES'S Dustless Oats.

16 to 1 Makes no difference in the prices of our goods. Our aim is to never misrepresent. J. T. MUL-LALLY, jewelry, 28 Circle. The United States excel in champagne. Cook's Imperial Extra Dry takes the lead.

Of Course You Are...

You are always interested in diamonds when you can purchase Fly Screens, them at the right price. Our prices are exceedingly low when the quality is considered. What you want is a "beauty" and value combinedthat is exactly what we offer you.

....THE....

National Ice Delivery Company

Will have cars on the tracks here commencing Thursday, July 26, at Bee-line city yards and New Jersey street, and will furnish ice in any quantity up to 2,000 lbs. at

10c Per 100 Lbs.

or \$2 per ton. Over one ton at 71/2c per 100, or \$1.50 per ton. Our wagons will shortly be on the streets insuring a quick service and delivering at a slight advance to cover delivery.

Special attention will be given to the family trade. Make no contracts until you see us.

Temporary Office: Grand Hotel.

(~~~~~~~,

Chas. A. Naughten, Gen. Mgr.

National Ice Delivery Co.

The Prince Albert 10c Cigar



Upheld by All

Who have enjoyed its flavor and the ease with which it "draws," the Prince Albert cigar maintains its supremacy among the very best 10c cigars. Not much wonder when you know the amount of Havana tobacco it contains, the skill employed in its manufacture, and the small profit for us at the price. All leading brands of imported and Key West goods to be found here.

LOUIS G. DESCHLER, Cigarist

BIG FOUR ROUTE NIAGARA FALLS Thursday, July 26, 1900

Tourist tickets at very low rates now on sale, good returning until Oct. 31, to \$7.00 for the Round Trip from Indianapolis. Corresponding rates from other points. Children half these rates, 150 pounds bag gage checked free on each full ticket.

\$6.50 More to Thousand Islands. \$8.00 to Toronto. Special train, composed of Big Four standard high-back seat coaches and Pullman sleepers, will leave Indianapolis 6:45 p. m., arrive at Niagara Falls 9:00 a. m. the next

Sleepers of excursion trains will be located near depot, in Niagara Falls, and can be occupied the night of the 27th for \$1.00 per double berth. Returning, special train will leave Niagara Falls Saturday, July 28, at 9 p. m., and run through to Indianapolis without change. Tickets are also good to return on any regular train for twelve days. Sixteen trains per day, Niagara Falls to Buffalo. Three fast express trains daily, with Pullman sleepers. Buffalo- to Indianapolis, run as follows: Leave Buffalo at 3:20 a. m., 7:55 a. m., 11:00 p. m. Arrive Indianapolis. apolis, 3:10 p. m., 10:40 p. m., 11:30 a. m. For full information and sleeping car accommodations, call on nearest Big Four agent, or address H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A.

BURDSAL'S PAINTS

JULY 18th, 1900. THE A. BURDSAL CO., City: Gentlemen-My house, No. 1416 Broadway, was painted in 1893, the year of the

World's Fair at Chicago, with your Steamboat Paint, by August Westfield, and only one coat applied at the time. The house was not repainted until this spring, when I gave it two coats of your Steamboat Color. This Paint has been very satisfactory to me, and I expressly stipulated when the house was painted this spring that Steamboat Color be used. I cheer-

fully recommend it to any one wanting a first-class Paint. Yours, truly,

LEW W. COOPER. STEAMBOAT PAINT

On Sale at... Burdsal's Paint Store

102 South Meridian St. The Union Trust Company | Kahn

Offices-Nos. 118 & 122 (Company's Building) East Market Street. Transacts every character of fiduciary

business than can be carried on by an in-

dividual or a trust and financial corpora-

tion. Acts as executor, administrator, trustee, guardian, receiver, assignee, etc., in any part of the State. Acts as financial agents for railway and other corporations, cities and counties, in the negotiation of securities or loans. Attorneys bringing trusts to this company will be employed as the attorney for the company in connection therewith Loans money upon first-class collateral

but does not discount commercial paper do a general banking business. OFFICERS. HENRY EITEL, President.

JOHN H. HOLLIDAY, Vice President. HOWARD M. FOLTZ, Treasurer. CHARLES S. M'BRIDE, Secretary.

DIRECTORS. A. Culbertson, Thomas C. Day C. Elston

John H. Holliday, George Kothe. Voiney T. Malott, Edward L. McKee,

The Guaranteed Kind

McKINLEY AND ROOSEVELT SINU Campaign Songs and By S. W. Rough Rider Jingles, Gillian. gan." Timely Words to Popular Airs. Just the thing for Campaign Giee Clubs. Send 5 2-cent stamps to

J. M. COE, Richmond, Indiana.

Summer Gas Stoves, Gasoline Stoves. Sprinkling Hose,

Lilly & Stalnaker.

CARPETS

To Reduce Our Great Stock of

> Vestings Trouserings Coatings

We are now booking orders at greatly reduced prices. No reduction in the artistic quality of

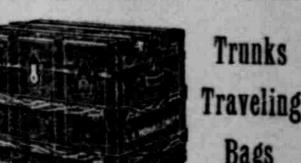
Tailoring Co.



Special Suit Sale

-AT THE-NEW ARCADE. Largest Clothing House in the State.

10 West Washington St.



L. E. MORRISON & CO.,

30 West Washington St. Beebive Trunk Factory. Removal Sale now going on. We move to 37 West Washington street August 1.

SOLE AGENCY for the famous

STEINWAY And other high-grade Pianos. Low Prices.

PEARSON'S PIANO HOUSE. INDIANAPOLIS, IND.